

Kültürel Metotlar ile Meralarda Yabancı Ot Mücadelesi

Proper grazing management can minimize spread and effectively manage noxious weeds in rangeland. Olson (1999b) describes three grazing strategies for managing weeds:

- 1) Meranın ot üretim kapasitesine dikkat ederek otlatma: moderate grazing levels to minimize the physiological impact on native plants and to reduce soil disturbance;
- 2) Üniform otlatma: intensive grazing to counteract inherent dietary preferences of cattle, resulting in equal impacts on all forage species including weeds; and
- 3) Merada hayvan çeşitliliğini sağlama: multispecies grazing that distributes the impact of livestock grazing more uniformly among desirable and undesirable species. Multispecies grazing takes advantage of the inherent grazing preferences among different classes of livestock (Walker 1994). In all cases, it is important to select the most appropriate grazer for the specific situation.