



OMÜ SHMYO ANATOMİ

**İŞİTME VE DENGE ORGANI
KULAK
(ORGANUM VESTIBULOCOCHLEARE)**

Öğr. Gör. Dr. GÜRSEL AK GÜVEN



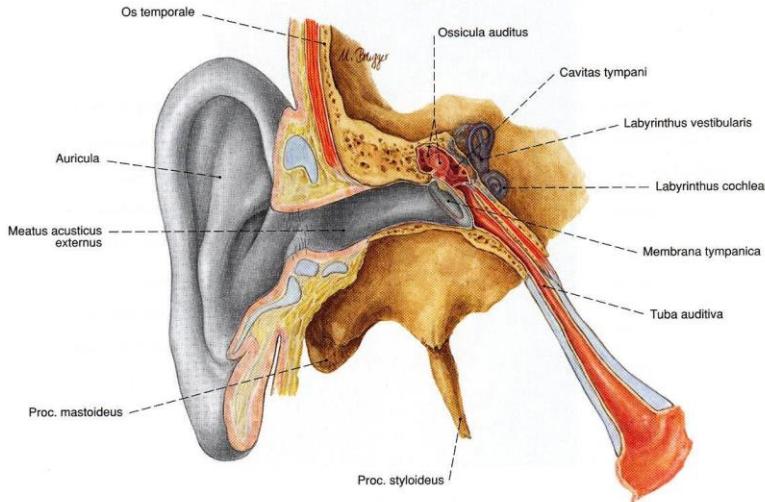


Fig. 660 Ear, Auris;
semi-schematic drawing; the external acoustic meatus,
the tympanic cavity, the auditory tube and parts of the
temporal bone have been exposed;
ventral view (r, 110%).

Parts of the ear, Auris

Auris externa
Auricula
Meatus acusticus externus

Auris media
Cavitas tympani
Membrana tympanica
Ossicula auditus
Tuba auditiva

Auris interna
Labyrinthus membranaceus
- Labyrinthus vestibularis
- Labyrinthus cochlearis
Labyrinthus osseus
- Vestibulum
- Canales semicirculares ossei
- Cochlea
- Meatus acusticus internus

Parts of the membranous labyrinth, Labyrinthus membranaceus (Figs. 694, 695)

Labyrinthus vestibularis
Spatium perilymphaticum
Utriculus
Ductus semicirculares
- Ductus semicircularis anterior
- Ductus semicircularis posterior
- Ductus semicircularis lateralis
Ductus utriculosaccularis
Ductus endolymphaticus
Saccus endolymphaticus
Sacculus
Ductus reuniens

Labyrinthus cochlearis
Spatium perilymphaticum
- Scala tympani
- Scala vestibuli
Aqueductus vestibuli
Aqueductus cochleae
Ductus cochlearis

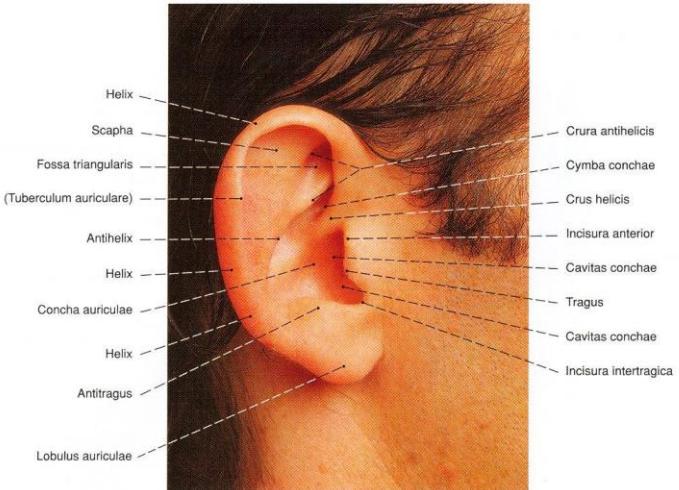


Fig. 661 Auricle, Auricula;
lateral view (r.).

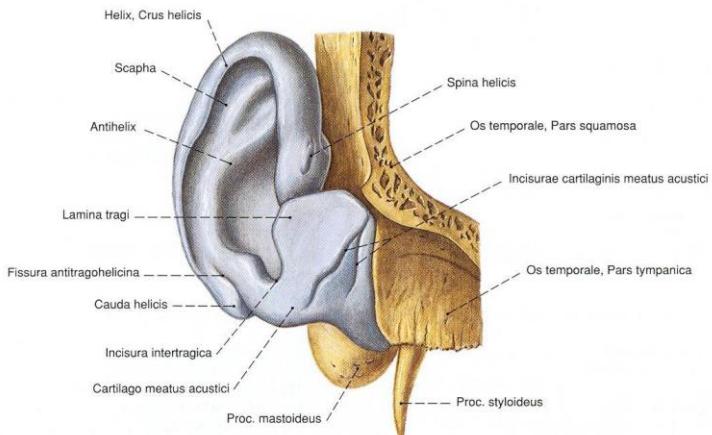


Fig. 662 Auricular cartilage, Cartilago auricularis,
with parts of the temporal bone;
all soft tissues have been removed;
oblique ventral view (r.).

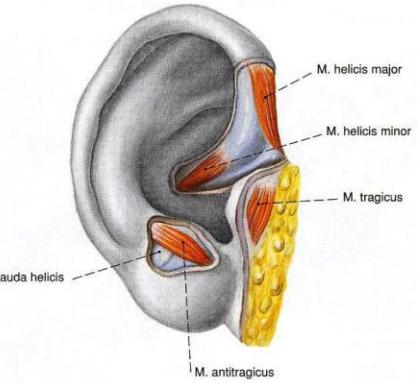


Fig. 663 Auricular muscles; *Mm. auriculares*; ventral view (r.).

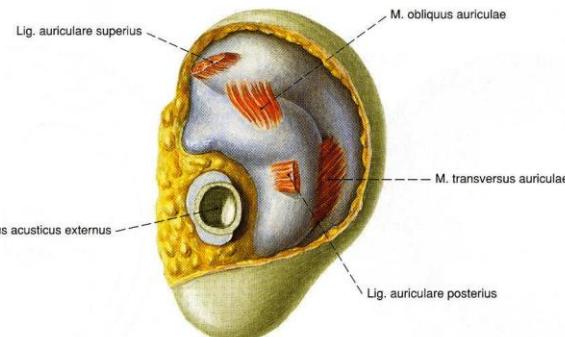


Fig. 664 Auricular muscles; *Mm. auriculares*; dorsal view (r.).

Sensory nerve supply of the auricle, Auricula

N. vagus [X], R. auricularis:
base of the external acoustic meatus and posterior sickle-shaped part of the external surface of the tympanic membrane

N. auricularis magnus, R. posterior (C2/C3):
posterior surface of the auricle

N. auricularis magnus, R. anterior (C2/C3):
anterior surface of the auricle

N. mandibularis [V/3], N. auriculotemporalis, N. meatus acustici externi and Rr. membranae tympani:
anterior root of the auricle, floor, anterior wall and roof of the external acoustic meatus, as well as a large part of the tympanic membrane

N. facialis [VII], N. auricularis posterior, R. auricularis:
all auricular muscles

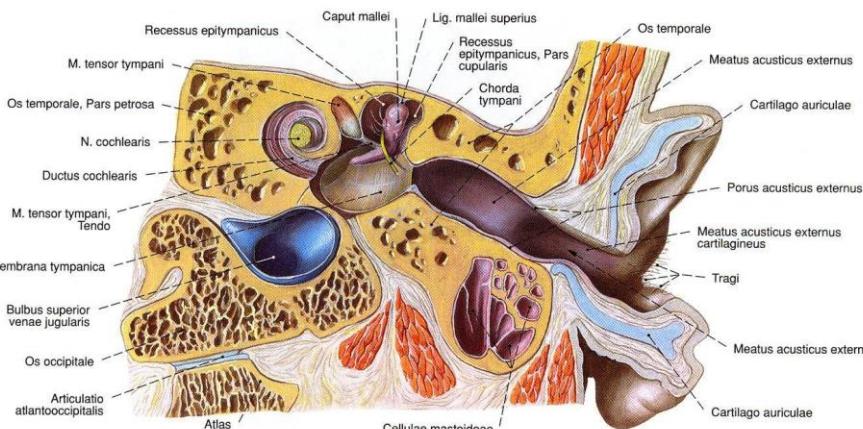


Fig. 665 External acoustic meatus, Meatus acusticus externus; tympanic cavity, Cavitas tympani, and cochlea, Cochlea; frontal section; dorsal view (r.).

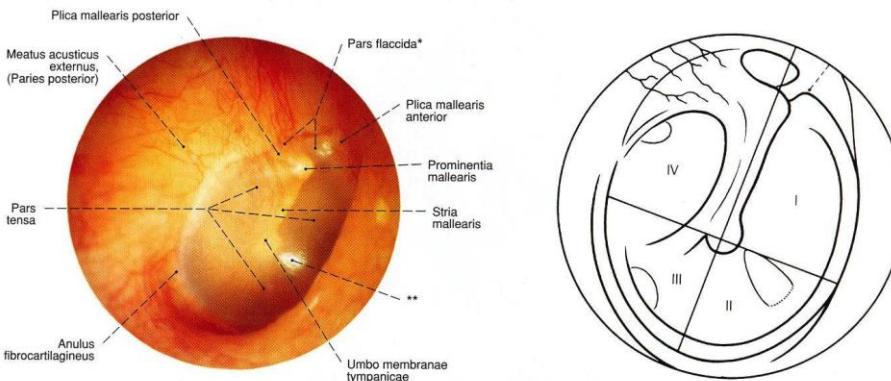


Fig. 666 Tympanic membrane, Membrana tympanica; otoscopic image; oblique lateral view (r., 600%).

* clinical: SHRAPNELL's membrane
** typical light reflex

To inspect the whole surface of the tympanic membrane with a speculum (otoscope) the external acoustic meatus has to be straightened by pulling the auricle upwards and dorsally. The tympanic membrane is normally divided into quadrants (I-IV)

Fig. 667 Tympanic membrane, Membrana tympanica; diagram showing its quadrants; lateral view (r.).

for better orientation. The longer diameter is 10–11 mm and the shorter diameter about 9 mm in the adult. A bright triangular "cone of light" reflected from the otoscope is usually seen in the anteroinferior quadrant (II).

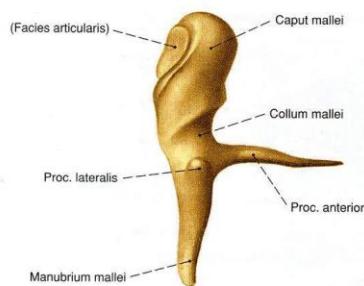


Fig. 668 Malleus, Malleus;
lateral view (r., 700%).

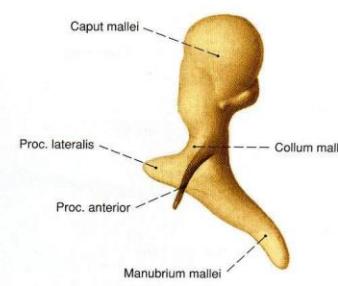


Fig. 669 Malleus, Malleus;
ventral view (r., 700%).

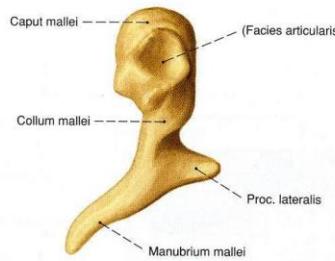


Fig. 670 Malleus, Malleus;
dorsal view (r., 700%).

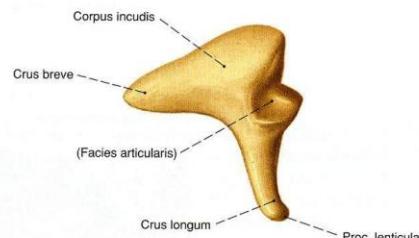


Fig. 671 Incus, Incus;
lateral view (r., 700%).

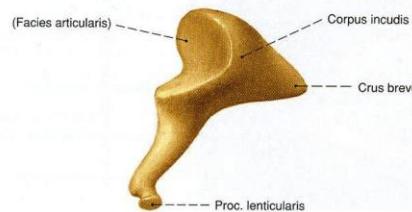


Fig. 672 Incus, Incus;
medial view (r., 700%).

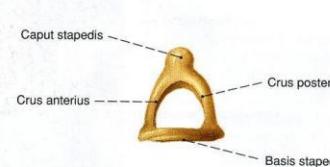


Fig. 673 Stapes, Stapes;
superior view (r., 700%).

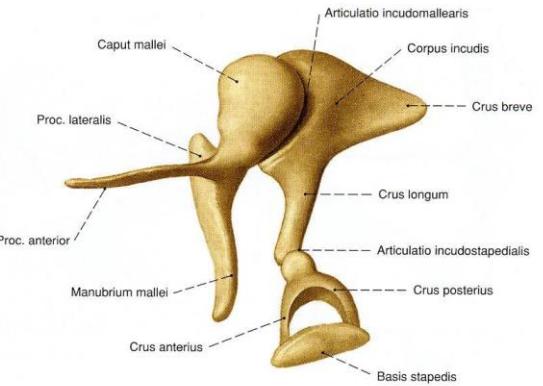


Fig. 674 Auditory ossicles, Ossicula auditus;
natural position;
superomedial view (r., 600%).

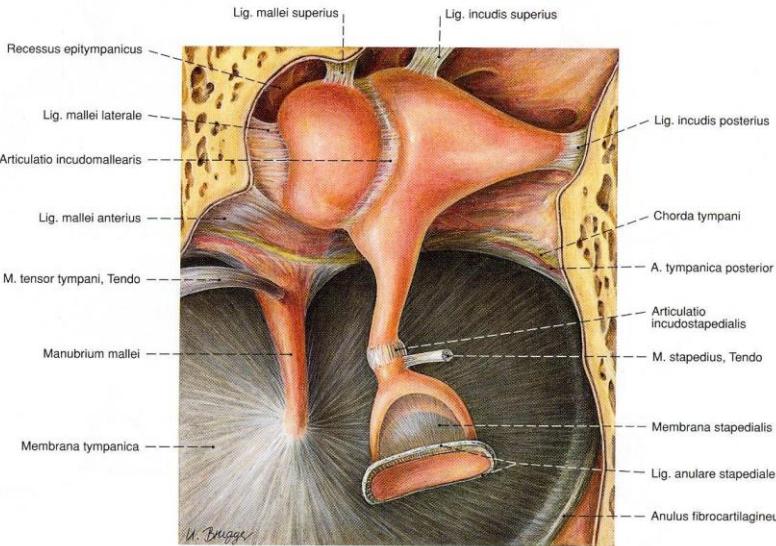


Fig. 675 Joints and ligaments of the auditory ossicles,
Articulationes et Ligamenta ossiculorum auditus;
covered by a mucous membrane in situ;
superomedial view (r., 800%).

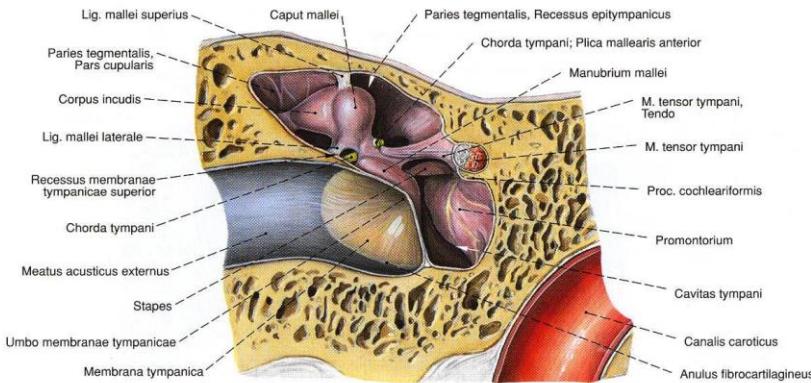


Fig. 676 Tympanic cavity, Cavitas tympani;
frontal section;
ventral view (r.).

Boundaries of the tympanic cavity, Cavitas tympani

Name	Constituents	Neighbouring organs	Special features	Clinical complications
Pariès tegmental (roof)	Recessus epitympanicus, Tegmen tympani (Os temporale), Sutura petrosquamosa	Fossa cranii media, Meninges, Lobus temporalis	Vascular canaliculi in the Tegmen and in the suture; route of infection	Meningitis, abscess of the temporal lobe
Pariès jugularis (floor)	Prominentia styloidea	Fossa jugularis, Bulbus superior venae jugularis	Variable form and size of the Cellulae tympanicae, bony laminae may be partially absent	Septic thrombosis of the V. jugularis interna (pyaemia)
Pariès labyrinthicus (medial wall)	Promontorium, Fenestra cochleae, Fenestra vestibuli, Prominentia canalis facialis, Membrana tympanica secundaria	Labyrinthus membranaceus, N. facialis [VII]		Infection of the labyrinth (deafness), facial paresis
Pariès membranaceus (lateral wall)	Membrana tympanica, Manubrium mallei (Chorda tympani)	Meatus acusticus externus, Articulatio temporomandibularis		tympanic membrane (e.g. by overzealous cleaning)
Pariès mastoideus (posterior wall)	Antrum mastoideum, Cellulae mastoideae, Prominentia canalis semicircularis lateralis, Prominentia canalis facialis	N. facialis [VII], Sinus sigmoideus, Fossa cranii posterior, cerebellum	Variable pneumatisation of the Cellulae mastoideae	Mastoiditis, sinus thrombosis, meningitis, cerebellar abscess, facial paresis
Pariès caroticus (anterior wall)	Ostium tympanicum tubae auditivae, Canalis musculo-tubarius	Canalis caroticus, Sinus cavernosus, N. abducens [VI], Ganglion trigeminale	Apical pneumatisation of the pyramids (Cellulae tympanicae)	Auditory tube: route of infection of the apical Cellulae pneumaticae, abducens paresis, otitis media

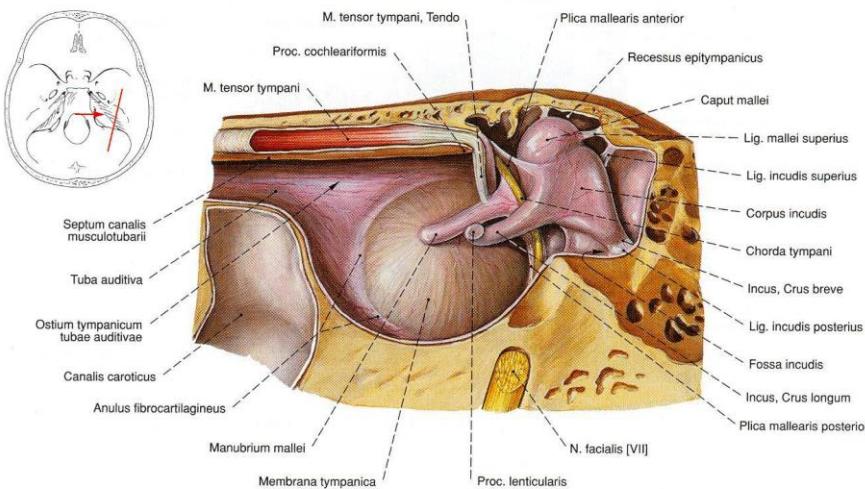


Fig. 677 Lateral wall, Paries membranaceus, of the tympanic cavity, Cavitas tympani; sagittal section; most of the auditory tube and the fascia of the tensor muscle of the tympanon have been removed; medial view (r., 400%).

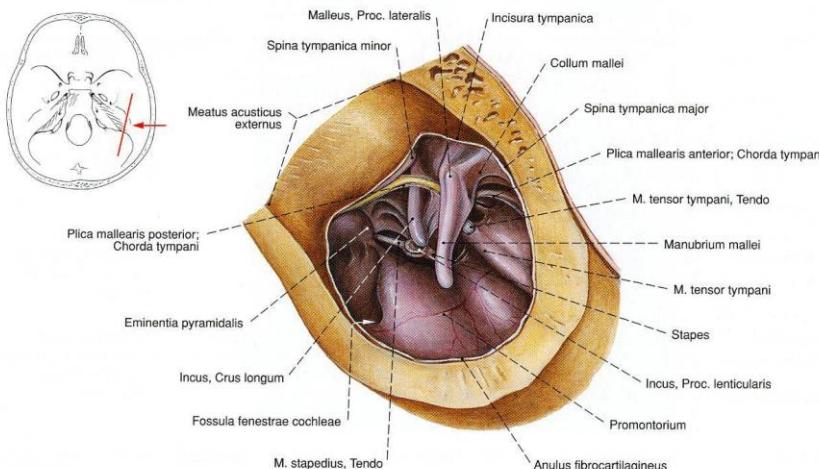


Fig. 678 Tympanic cavity, Cavitas tympani; the tympanic membrane has been removed; lateral view (r., 400%).

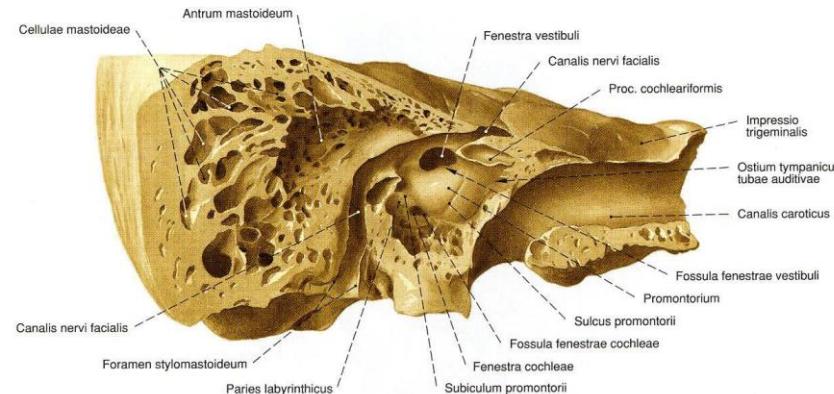


Fig. 679 Medial wall, *Parietis labyrinthicus*, of the tympanic cavity, *Cavitas tympani*; the lateral wall and the adjacent parts of the ventral and superior walls have been removed; the *Canalis nervi facialis* and *Canalis caroticus* have been exposed; ventrolateral view (r., 170%).

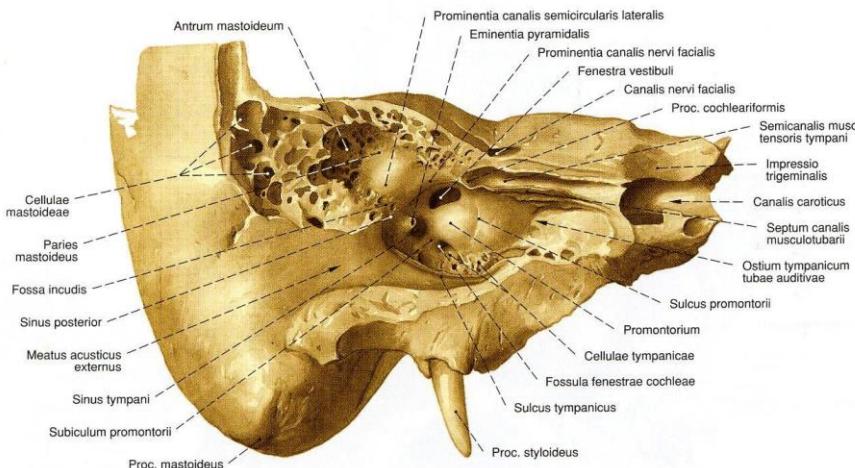


Fig. 680 Medial wall, *Parietis labyrinthicus*, of the tympanic cavity, *Cavitas tympani*; vertical section through the longitudinal axis of the petrosal bone; ventrolateral view (r., 170%).

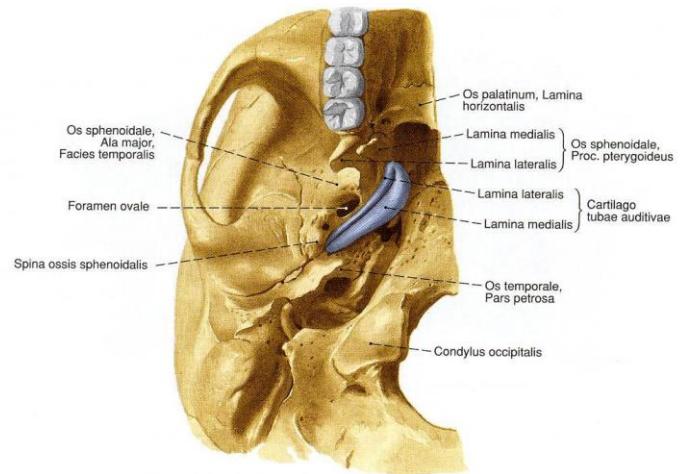


Fig. 681 Cartilage of the auditory tube, *Cartilago tubae auditivae*; exposed at the base of the skull; inferior view (r.).

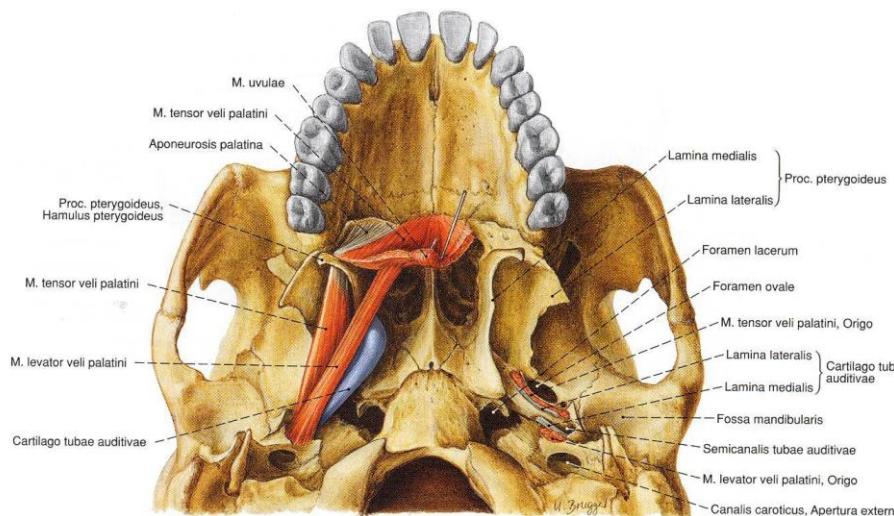


Fig. 682 Palatine muscles, *Mm. levator et tensor veli palatini*, and cartilage of the auditory tube, *Cartilago tubae auditivae*; on the left the muscular origins are shown; the soft palate (*Velum palatinum*) has been pulled forward; inferior view.

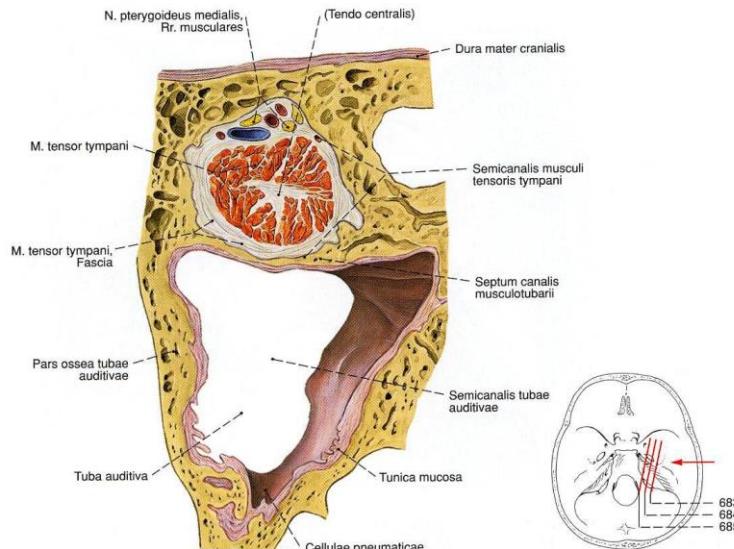


Fig. 683 Auditory (pharyngotympanic) tube,
Tuba auditiva;
cross section through its osseous part;
lateral view (r., 1500%).

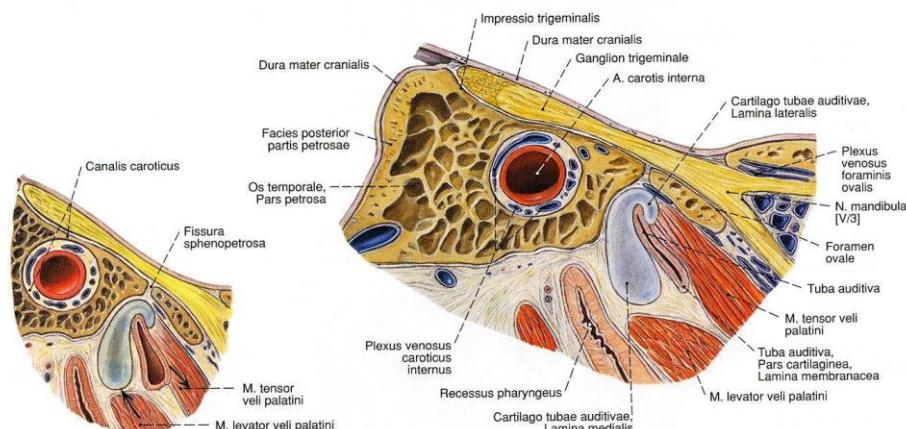
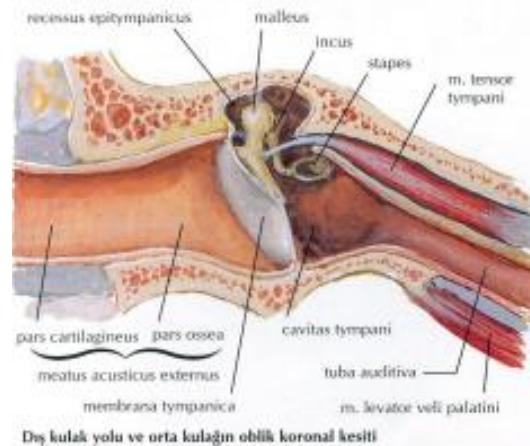


Fig. 684 Auditory (pharyngotympanic) tube,
Tuba auditiva;
cross section through its lateral cartilaginous part;
lateral view (r., 400%).

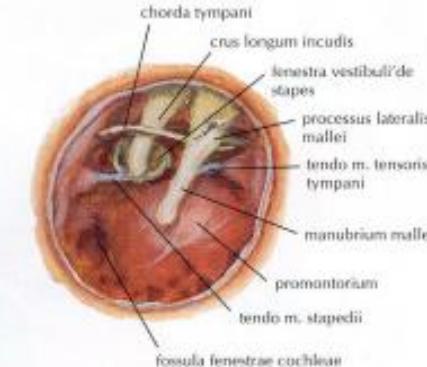
Fig. 685 Auditory (pharyngotympanic) tube,
Tuba auditiva;
cross section through its medial cartilaginous part;
lateral view (r., 400%).



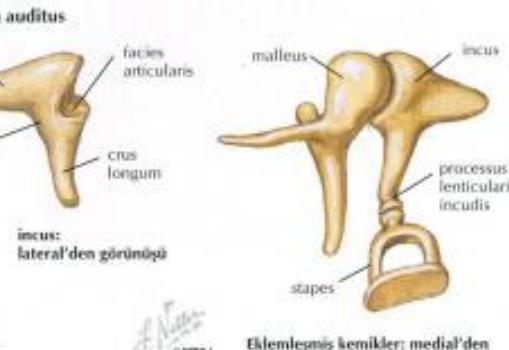
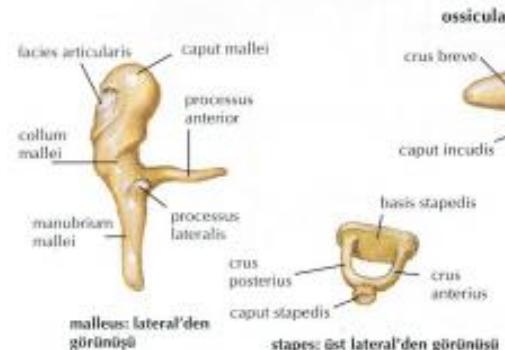
Sağ membrana tympanica (kulak zarı)'nın spékulum ile görünüsü



Doğru kulak yolunu ve orta kulağın oblik koronal kesiti



Kulak zarı uzaklaştırıldıktan sonra orta kulağın görünüsü

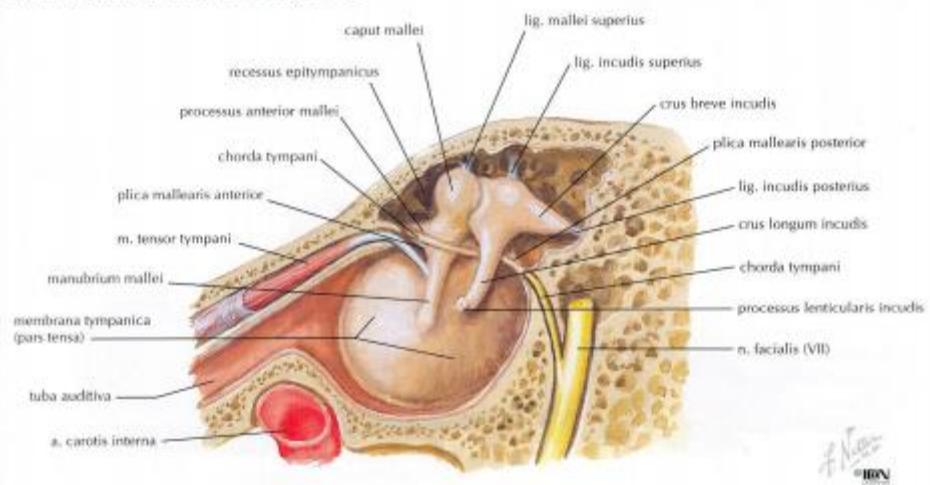


incus:
lateral'den görünüşü

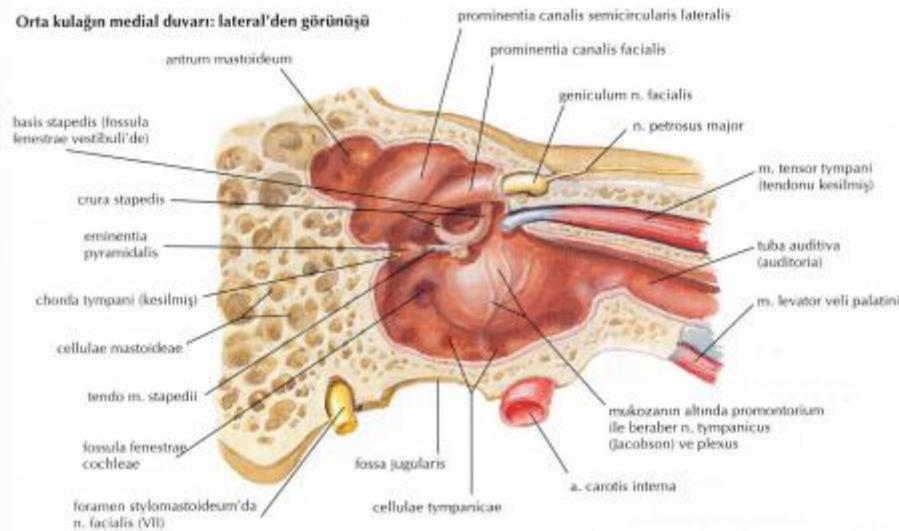


Eklemlenmiş kemikler: medial'den görünüşü

Orta kulağın lateral duvarı: medial'den görünüşü



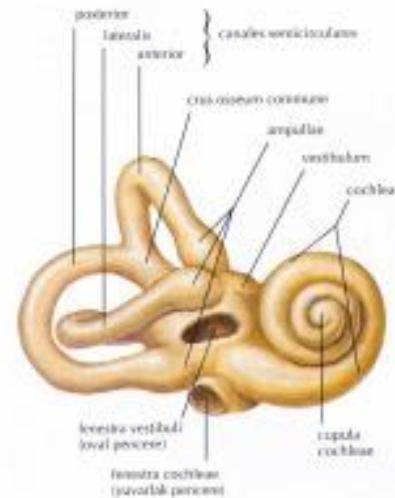
Orta kulağın medial duvarı: lateral'den görünüşü



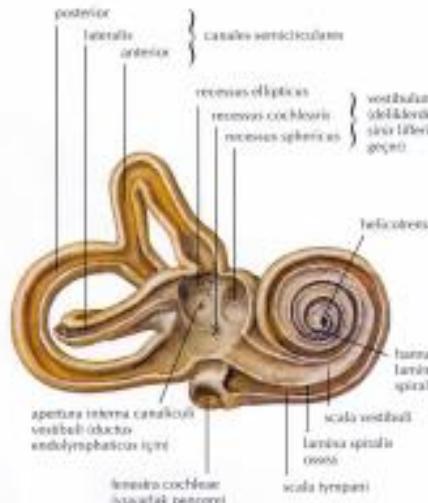
Kemik ve Zar Labirentler

SEKİL 170

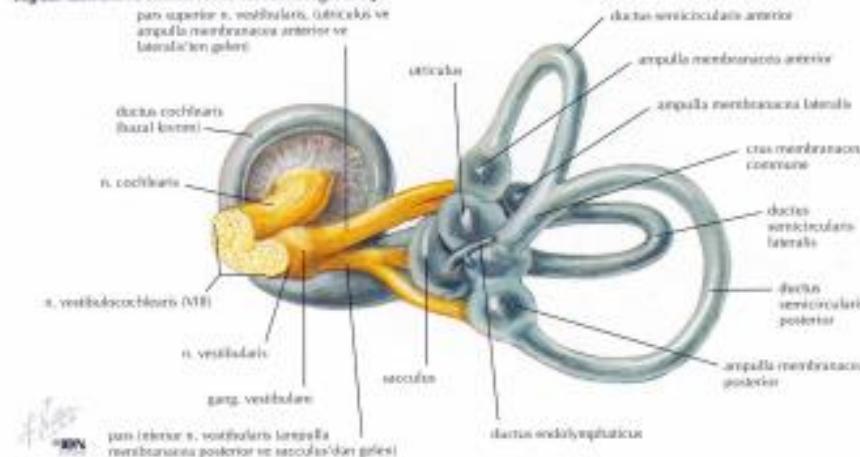
Sağ kemik labirenti ön-lateral'den görünüşü:
Çeşresindeki sinerjimsi kemik çukurları



Diseke edilmiş sağ kemik labirent (öfk kapılı): Zar
labirenti çıkarılmış



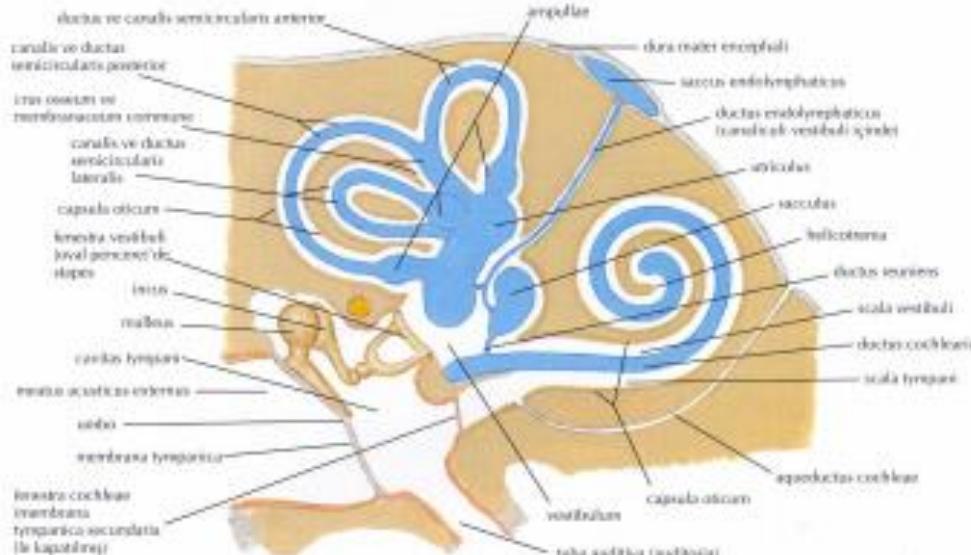
Sağ zar labirent ile sinirler: arka-medialden görünüşü



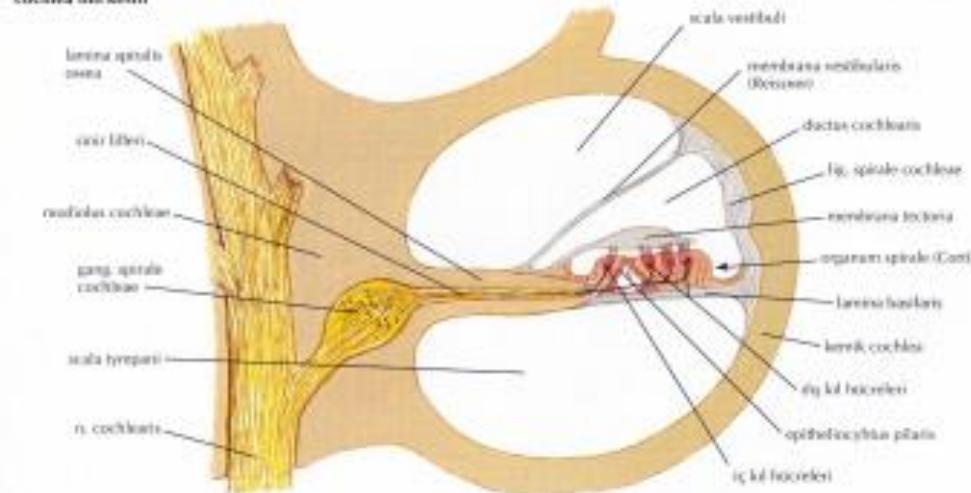
SEKİL 90

BAŞ ve BOYUN

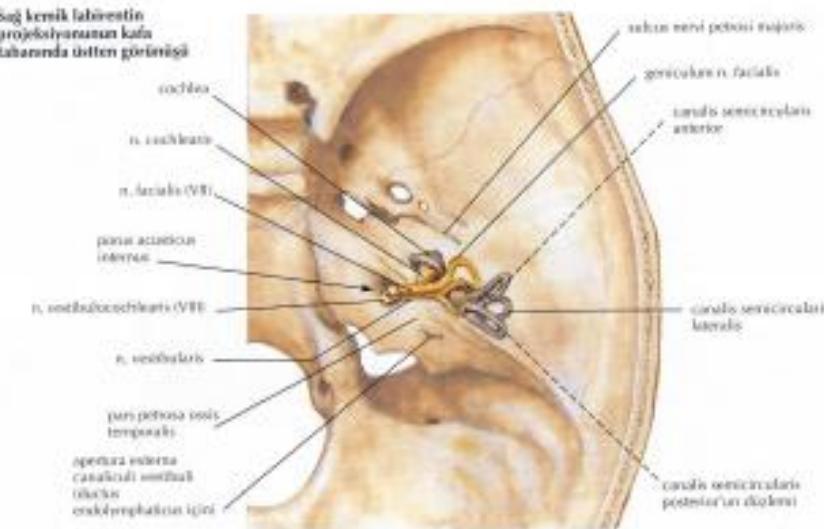
Kenik ve zar labirentler: sensa



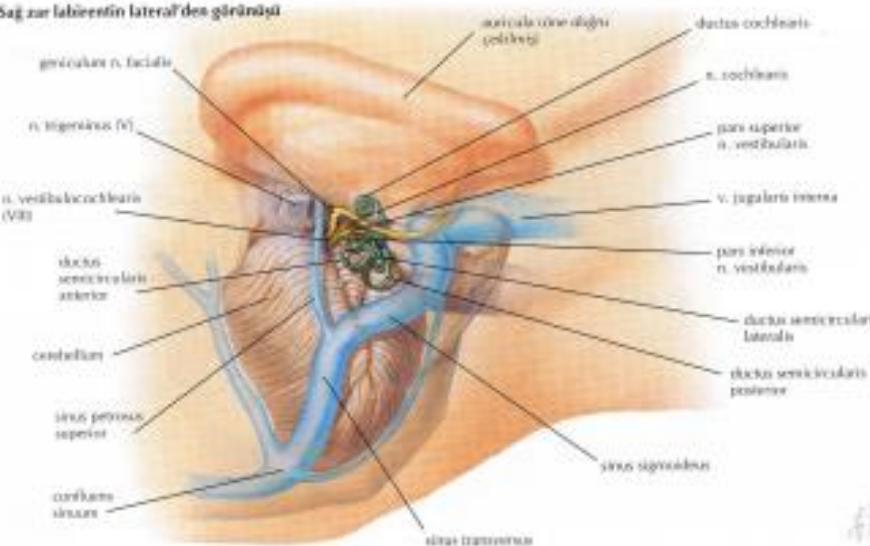
cochlea'nın kesiti



Kafa İskeletinde Labirentin Oryantasyonu



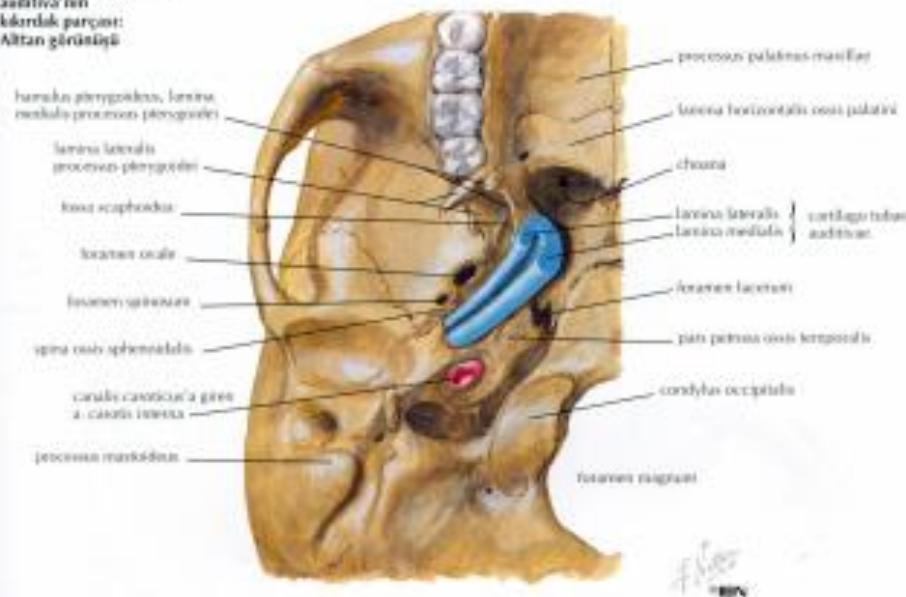
Sağ zar labirentin lateral'den görünüşü



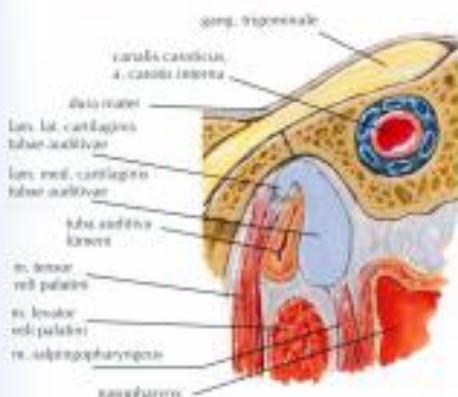
Tuba Auditiva

BIGZ SEKİL 46, 49, 59

Kefatas tabanında tuba
auditiva'nın
kıkırdaç parçası:
Altın görüntüsü

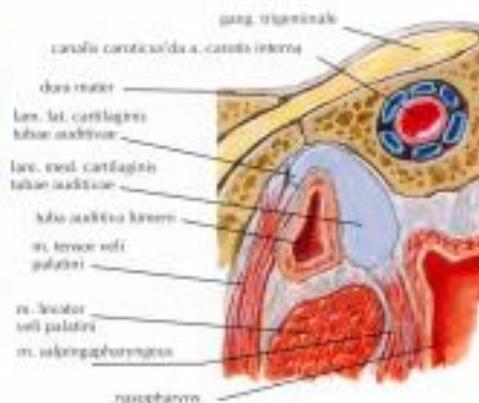


Tuba auditiva'nın kıkırdaç parçasından geçen
kest ve kapak tuba auditiva (auditoria)



m. salpingopharyngeus'un çökmesi, dokuların
tagusu ve kıkırdaç basıncıyla tuba auditiva'nın
kapandırmaya sağlam.

Tuba auditiva'nın kıkırdaç parçasının kesiti ve
tuba auditiva (auditoria)'nın açık hali



tuba auditiva lumeni en çok, yukarıya seviyedeki
m. levator veli palatini'nin verdiği duvarın
yüzeyi çökmeliyle açılır.

KAYNAKLAR

**Netter FH. Atlas of human anatomy.
Sobotta Anatomi Atlasi.**